

Budget 2021-22 - KEY INDIRECT TAX PROPOSALS

Goods and Service Tax

No major policy changes have been announced. Some of the key changes include doing away with annual GST Audit certification, Zero rated supplies to Special Economic Zones (SEZ) clearly restricted to being only in relation to "authorized operations" and Potential restrictions on who and what kind of supplies would be eligible for rebate claims.

1. CGST Act

- Transactions between persons other than individuals and its members/constituents brought into the ambit of 'supply' under GST;
- Condition for availment of ITC to include new condition that ITC to be availed only when the details of such invoice or debit note have been furnished by the supplier in his GSTR1 and such details have been communicated to recipient;
- Requirement to get accounts audited by an independent Chartered Accountant in Form GSTR-9C is done away with. Consequently, section 44 of the CGST Act is substituted to remove the mandatory requirement of furnishing a reconciliation statement duly audited by specified professional; and to provide for filing of the annual return on selfcertification basis;
- Retrospective amendment of Section 50(1) to charge interest only on net cash liability this was already announced via press release and CBIC circular.

2. IGST Act

- Section 16 of the IGST Act amended to give effect to the following:
- o Zero rating for SEZ recipient only where supplies are for authorised operations;
- Rebate mechanism for zero rated supplies will be restricted to notified suppliers or notified supplies; and



 Zero rated refund for goods under LUT to be repaid if proceeds are not realized within time prescribed under FEMA, 1999.

Customs

There is continued thrust on Make in India and strengthening local manufacturing. Agriculture Infrastructure and Development Cess has been introduced for the improvement of agricultural infrastructure and development. Further, the rate of Customs Duties on identified finished goods has been increased with reductions in parts and components for manufacture. Further, 100% job work has been allowed for manufacture of goods in India.

- Mandatory filing of bill of entry in advance i.e., before the date of arrival of conveyance to facilitate faster clearance;
- Introduction of common Customs Electronic Portal facilitating registration, filing of bill
 of entry, shipping bill, other documents and forms, payment of duty etc by
 importer/exporter. Also allows tax officers to services order, summons, notice or any
 other communication by making it available on the common portal;
- Agriculture Infrastructure and Development Cess being imposed on 25 goods (edibles, gold, silver, cotton, coal, liquor, wine, fermented beverages, fertilizers);
- Time-limit of two years prescribed for completion of any customs proceedings which would culminate in issuance of notice, which can be further be extended by one year at Commissioner's discretion;
- Customs (Import of Concessional Rate of Duty) Rules, 2017 amended:
 - Job-work of the materials (except gold and jewellery and other precious metals)
 imported under concessional rate of duty allowed;
 - o 100% out-sourcing for manufacture of goods on job-work allowed; and
 - Imported capital goods can be used for specified purpose on payment of differential duty, along interest on the depreciated value.

With support from Deloitte India



• Amendments is proposed to be made to the First Schedule of the Customs Tariff Act to create specific tariff lines for certain items. Further, the effective rate of customs (BCD) is sought to be changed for certain products. We have attached the list of products and the indicative changes for your reference.

Excise

- Imposition of Agriculture Infrastructure And Development Cess (AIDC) on petrol and diesel; and
- Change in effective rate of basic excise duty and special additional excise duty on petrol and diesel.



Appendix 1

Reduction in customs duty rates

Description of goods	Up to 1 February 202	From 2 February 2021
Crude palm oil, crude soyabean oil, and crude sunflowerseed oil*	27.5% to 35%	15%
Peas, kabuli chana, Bengal gram, chickpeas, and lentils	30% to 60%	10%/15%
Apples	50%	15%
Specified alcoholic beverages and spirits, falling under tariff headings 2204, 2205, 2206, and 2208*	150%	50%
All goods except dog and cat food, and shrimp larvae feed	Nil to 30%	15%
Dog and cat food and shrimp larvae food	30%	20%/5%
Various types of coal, lignite, and peat	2.5%	1%
Naphtha	4%	2.5%
Urea, muriate of potash and diammonium phosphate,		
for use as manure or for production of complex fertilisers	5% to 10%	Nil
Nylon fibre and yarn	7.5%	5%
Silver and gold	12.5%	7.5%
Primary/semi-finished products of non-alloy steel	10%	7.5%
Flat products of non-alloy and alloy steel falling under specified headings	10%/12.5%	7.5%
Long products of non-alloy, stainless, and alloy steel falling under specified headings	10%	7.5%
Components or parts, including engines of aircraft that public sector units (under the Ministry of	Applicable rate	Nil



Defense) import for manufacturing such aircraft or parts of such aircraft		
High-speed rail projects being brought under project	Applicable rate	5%
imports		

Appendix 2

Increase in customs duty rates effective February 02, 2021

Description of goods	Up to 1 February 202	From 2 February 2021
Denatured ethyl alcohol (ethanol) for use in manufacturing excisable goods	2.5%	5%
Carbon black/polycarbonates	5%	7.5%
Plates, sheets, films, etc., of other plastics falling under heading 3920 99 99	10%	15%
Wet blue chrome tanned leather, crust leather, finished leather of all kinds, including splits and sides of the aforesaid	Nil	10%
Raw silk, silk yarn, and yarn spun from silk waste (whether or not put up for retail sale)	10%	15%
Raw cotton	Nil	5%
Safety glass, consisting of toughened (tempered) or laminated glass falling under heading 7007 (other than those used with motor vehicles)	10%	15%
Screw, bolts, nuts, etc., of iron and steel	10%	15%
Tunnel-boring machines	Nil	7.5%
Parts and components for manufacturing tunnel-boring machines with actualuser conditions	Nil	2.5%
Compressors used in refrigerating equipment and gas compressors used in air-conditioning equipment	12.5%	15%
Solar invertor	5%	20%



Parts of electrical lighting or signalling equipment, windscreen wipers,	10%	15%
defrosters and demisters, of a kind used for motor vehicles		
Parts and inputs used in manufacturing LED lights and fixtures, including LED	5%	10%
Lamps		
Electrical cables, including insulated wires and cables (except for ignition	7.5%	10%
wiring used in vehicles, USB cable, and optical fibre cable)		
Ignition wiring cable used in vehicles, aircraft, and ships	10%	15%
Inputs or raw materials (other than PCBA and moulded plastics) for use in	Nil	10%
manufacturing charger or adapter of cellular mobile phones		
PCBA of charger or adapter, and moulded plastics of charger or adapter	10%	15%

Appendix 2 (Continued)

Description of goods	Up to 1 February 202	From 2 February 2021
Inputs or parts of PCBA, and moulded plastics of charger or adapter of cellular mobile phones	Nil	10%
Inputs or raw materials (other than lithium-ion cell and PCBA) for use in manufacturing lithium-ion battery and battery pack	Nil	2.5%
Solar lanterns or solar lamps	5%	15%
Parts of electronics toys	5%	15%
Inputs and raw material of base stations and other machines for the	Nil	Applicable
reception, conversion, and transmission or regeneration of voice, images, or		rate
other data, including switching and routing apparatus		
Specified auto parts (other than bicycle parts and components)	10%	15%



Appendix 3 Increase in customs duty rates effective April 01, 2021

Description of goods	Up to 1 February 202	From 1 April 2021
Specified inputs/parts for manufacturing PCBA, camera module, connectors, wired headset, USB cable, and microphone and receiver, etc., of mobile	Nil	2.5%
phones		
Metal shield, camera lens, and specified inputs or raw materials for use in	Nil	Applicable
manufacturing cellular mobile phones		rate
Inputs, parts, or sub-parts for use in manufacturing PCBA of lithium-ion battery and battery pack	Nil	2.5%